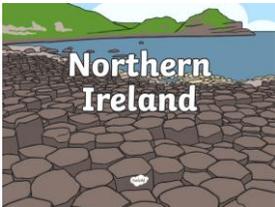


Year 1 Home Learning - Week beginning: 29th June 2020 - Theme: An introduction into the UK.

Set yourself a challenge- how many of these learning activities can you complete?

Spelling- The **ch** sound is usually spelt as **tch** if it comes straight after a single vowel letter - **catch, fetch, notch, hutch, witch, itch** and choose 4 words from the common exception words to learn (see list below)

Perhaps you can learn the challenge words: **kitchen, swatch, stitch, scotch, glitch**

Reading	Writing	Maths
<p>* Complete a daily phonics lesson from the DFE on YouTube.</p> <p>* Choose a book from the following e-library that matches your book band or that you would like to have a go at reading. www.oxfordowl.co.uk</p>  <p>* Read one of your own books or complete the BBC Bitesize reading lesson on Friday 3rd July: George's Marvellous Medicine by Roald Dahl</p>	<p>Writing task Complete the BBC Bitesize lessons on questions on Monday 27th June. Complete the BBC Bitesize lesson on Curly caterpillar letters and exclamation marks on Wednesday 29th June. http://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/dailylessons</p> <p>Following on from the questions lesson on Monday, other writing can be done through our geography work on Northern Ireland. The children can write questions they want to find out about Northern Ireland. Think about what you have already learnt about Scotland and Wales. Here are some examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the capital city of Northern Ireland? • Does Northern Ireland have big mountains? • Who is the saint of Northern Ireland? • Is there a castle in Northern Ireland? <p>Remember all questions end with a question mark. Say your sentence aloud before you write it down. Leave spaces between words and remember capital letters. Don't forget we always use capital letters for the names of places. When you have finished your geography work, you can go back to your questions and see if you can answer them.</p>	<p>Continue with your maths home learning - this might be BBC Bitesize, The Maths Factor or White Rose.</p> <p><u>Alternatively begin by:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revising the months of the year • Recognise and name simple 2D shapes and continue repeating patterns Mastery Checkpoint 1.28.29 on Abacus https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zhk82hv/articles/zcmdwxs - How to tell the time • https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zhk82hv/articles/zcmdwxs - TopMarks - Teaching Clock interactive • https://mathsframe.co.uk/en/resources/resource/116/telling_the_time# - TopMarks - Telling the time interactive • Tell the time to the hour, half hour and quarter hour on analogue clocks Mastery Checkpoint 1.28.28 on Abacus • Complete Marching Madness 1.28 game on Abacus <p>Telling the time worksheet can be found at: https://busyteacher.org/5387-telling-time-worksheet.html</p>
Science	Geography	Design and Technology
<p>Do you think a tree is a plant? Watch this video and investigate: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zn89wmn</p> <p>Complete the activity sheet below, go on a tree hunt and see what you can find. Look carefully at the leaves on the trees.</p>	<p>Use this power point to find out about Northern Ireland (The power point is a copy at the end of this document). Don't forget to complete your writing task first before you find out about Northern Ireland.</p> 	<p><u>Design and Technology</u></p> <p>Complete the BBC Bitesize lesson about sources of energy on Friday 3rd July https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/dailylessons</p>

Religion

Learning Focus: Give thanks to God for neighbours everywhere.

Go outside and lead children into this shared reflective activity:

Stand in a space. Close your eyes.

Think about yourself in your space.

What can you hear?

Now open your eyes and look around you. What do you see?

What do you see above you?

If you were here tonight, what would you see above you? What are you standing on?

Look around you.

Look at the people who share this space with you.

You are a neighbour to each one.

There is only one sun, one sky, one world.

Read the story of King David who wrote a psalm about the sky that we share with all our neighbours.

The sky above tells how wonderful God is. Every day it is there for us to see.

Every morning the golden sun appears shining on everyone, bringing light and warmth to all.

Spreading the message of God's love all over the world to neighbours here, neighbours there, neighbours everywhere.

(based on Psalm 18:1-5)

SOME KEY QUESTIONS

Q How does the sky tell us how wonderful God is?

Q Why does looking at the sky help us to think about neighbours everywhere?

Q We have friends and neighbours throughout the world. They are called our global neighbours/friends. Why do you think people in our own and other countries all our neighbours?

Q How do we show God's love to our neighbours?

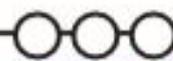
Common Exception Words

Year 1			Year 2			
the	they	one	door	gold	grass	any
a	be	once	floor	hold	pass	many
do	he	ask	poor	told	plant	clothes
to	me	friend	because	every	path	busy
today	she	school	find	everybody	bath	people
of	we	put	kind	even	hour	water
said	no	push	mind	great	move	again

says	go	pull	behind	break	prove	half
are	so	full	child	steak	improve	money
were	by	house	children	pretty	sure	Mr
was	my	our	wild	beautiful	sugar	Mrs
is	here		climb	after	eye	parents
his	there		most	fast	could	Christmas
has	where		only	last	should	
I	love		both	past	would	
you	come		old	father	who	
your	some		cold	class	whole	

Tree Hunt

Look carefully for these trees. Check each tree off when you spot it.



oak



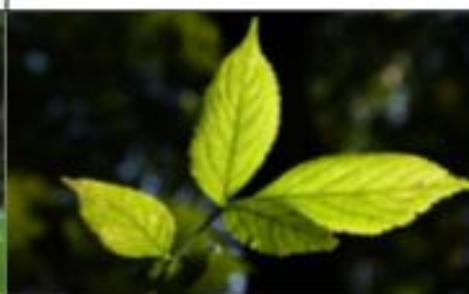
holly



hawthorn



silver birch



elder



rowan



ash



horse chestnut



lime



beech



yew



sycamore

Photo courtesy of Sharon James, FreeUsePhotos, Mark Coleman, Andrey Zharikh, Matthias Erhart, mc Bubbles AKA Mshead Cunningham, Jeremy Board, Smudge 9000, Lindy Buckley, liz weat (@flickr.com) born1945 (@flickr.com) Robert Flogaux-Paul, Donald Hobart - granted under creative commons licence - attribution

A stylized illustration of a coastal landscape in Northern Ireland. The foreground is dominated by the Giant's Causeway, a field of dark, hexagonal basaltic columns. In the middle ground, a blue body of water stretches towards a green, hilly coastline under a light blue sky with a few white clouds. The text 'Northern Ireland' is overlaid in the center in a large, white, bold font with a black outline.

Northern Ireland

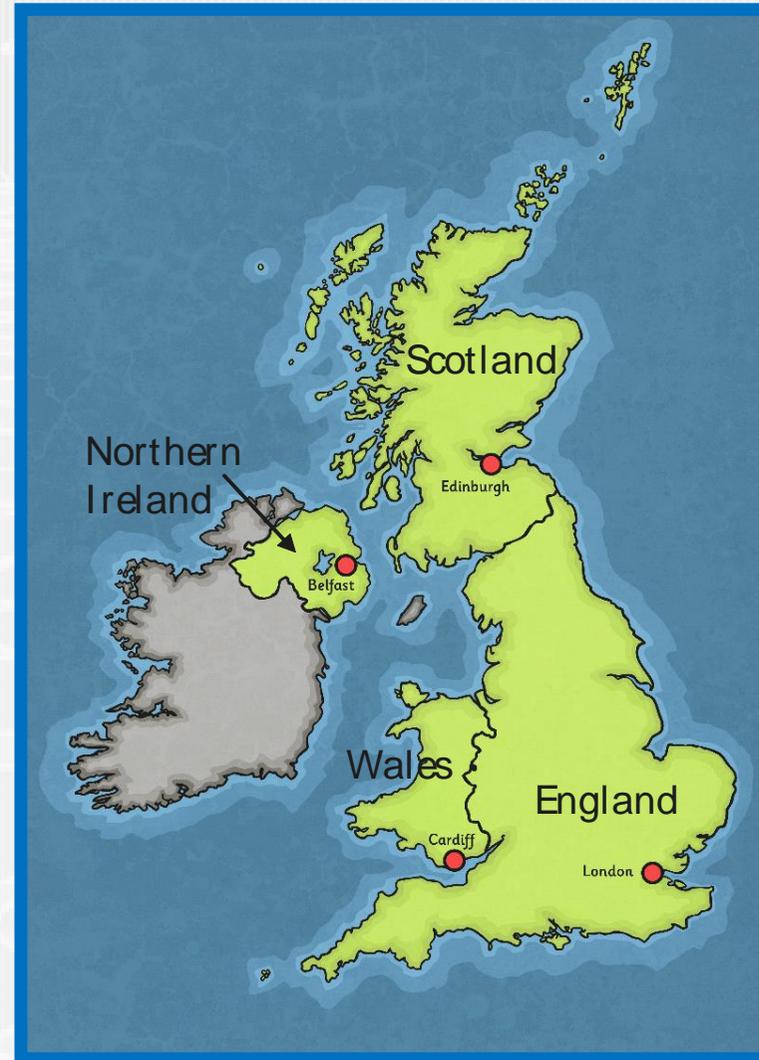


Northern Ireland

The United Kingdom is an island made up of four main parts:

- England
- Scotland
- Wales
- Northern Ireland

Northern Ireland is the smallest part of the UK.



Northern Ireland's Counties and Capital City



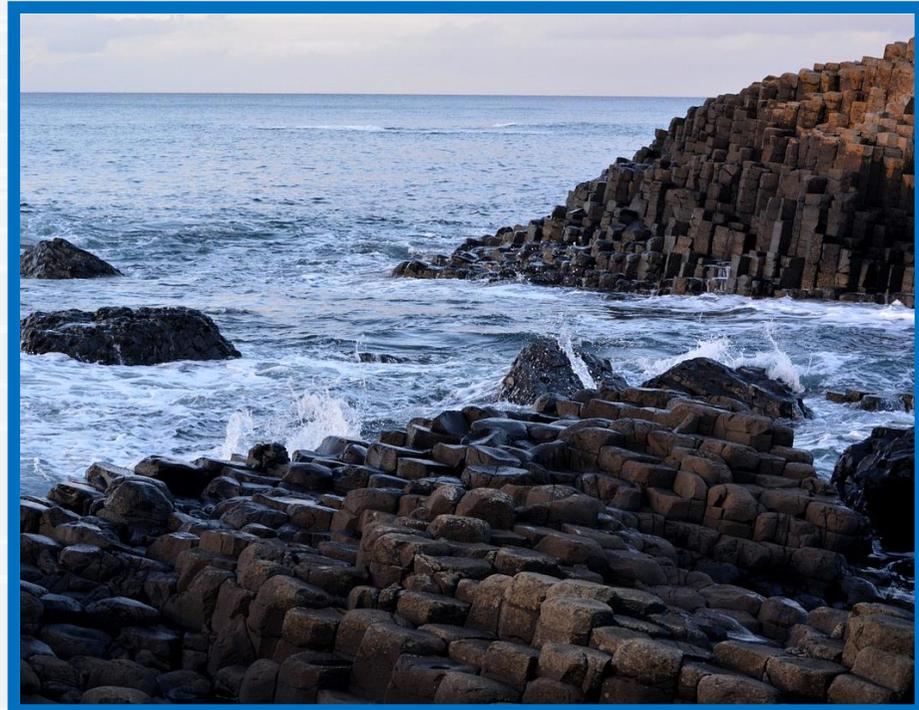
There are **6 counties** in Northern Ireland.

The capital city of Northern Ireland is **Belfast**.

It is also the largest city in Northern Ireland with a population of over 333,000 people.

Giant's Causeway

- The Giant's Causeway in County Antrim is made up of 40 000 giant, hexagonal blocks of black basalt.
- These columns were formed as a result of a volcanic eruption that occurred 60 million years ago!
- The lava from the volcano cooled when it reached the ocean and the columns were formed.
- Some of the columns are around 12 metres tall!



Titanic Belfast

- The Titanic Belfast is where the famous RMS Titanic was built.
- This is a popular visitor attraction where visitors can learn all about the ship and its infamous voyage.



- The impressive six-floor building consists of nine interactive galleries and was named the World's Leading Tourist Attraction in 2016.

Carrick-a-Rede

- Carrick-a-Rede is a rope bridge near Ballintoy in County Antrim which joins the tiny island of Carrickarede to the mainland of Northern Ireland.
- The bridge is 20 metres long and sits 30 metres above the Atlantic Ocean below!

Do you think you would like to walk across this bridge?

How do you think it would feel?



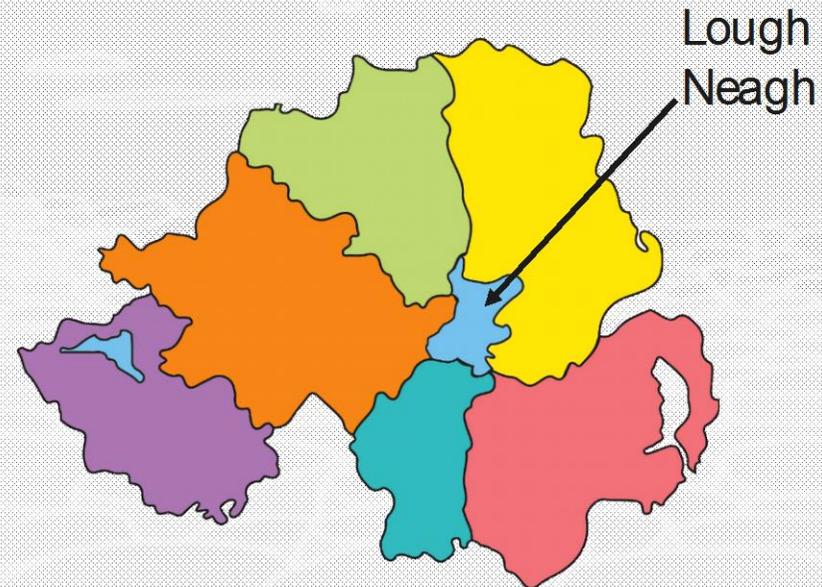
Belfast City Hall



- The Belfast City Council's civic building is located in the centre of Belfast in Donegall Street.
- The impressive building was opened in August 1906 and the people of Belfast come here to register births, deaths and marriages.
- Visitors can find the Titanic Memorial Garden inside the grounds of the city hall. This is a lovely peaceful place to sit and escape the noise of the busy city of Belfast.

Lough Neagh

- Lough Neagh is Britain's largest freshwater lake covering an area of 392 square kilometres.
- The lake holds 800 billion gallons of water. This is enough to fill seven million swimming pools!



- The lake provides Northern Ireland with 40% of its water.
- Lough Neagh is pronounced 'Lokh Nay' and the name means Lough of the horse-god Eochu. Legend has it that he was the lord of the underworld who lived under the lake!

Northern Ireland Celebrations and Festivals

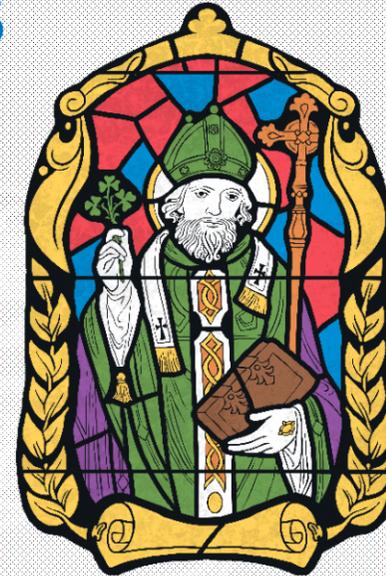
Like people all over the world, people in Northern Ireland like to celebrate their history and culture and have fun! The most famous of these celebrations is St. Patrick's Day.

St. Patrick's Day 17th March

Saint Patrick is the patron saint of Ireland.

He is believed to be the founder of Christianity in Ireland where he lived as a missionary and bishop during the second half of the fifth century.

It is said that Saint Patrick was captured by Irish pirates at the age of 16 and taken from his home in Britain to live as a slave in Ireland for six years. He escaped and returned to home where he trained as a cleric and then went back to Ireland to serve and minister to the people there.



Northern Ireland Celebrations and Festivals

Dalriada Festival

Every year in July, this festival takes place in a village called Glenarm. More than 20,000 people attend this celebration which is held in the grounds of Glenarm Castle. As part of the celebrations, people enjoy watching and taking part in Highland Games, listening to live music, tasting fine foods and there is always plenty of entertainment for the children!

What are Highland Games?

Highland Games are events held in Scotland and Ireland during the summer months to celebrate aspects of their history and culture. Common activities to be enjoyed at these events include the tossing of the caber, dancing and live music performed by military bands.

What other events do you know of that take place in a Highland Games celebration?

